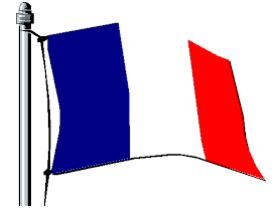




# French: Year 6 Knowledge Organiser



The Weather	
Le temps – The weather	Il fait mauvais – The weather is bad
Le soleil – The sun	Il y a un arc en ciel – There is a rainbow
Il fait de soleil – It's sunny	La neige – The snow
Il fait beau – It's nice	Il neige – It's snowing
Il fait chaud – It's hot	Il y a brouillard – It's foggy
Le vent – The wind	Le nuage – The cloud
Il fait du vent – its windy	Il y a des nuages – It's cloudy
Il fait froid – It's cold	
La pluie – The rain	
Il pleut – It's raining	
L'orage – The storm	

Direction and Places			
Directions (directions)		A droite – on the right	C'est près du/de la la – it's near the
		A gauche – on the left	Où est...? - Where is...?
Des Endroits (places)		Tout droit – straight	poste – post office
		Tournez – turn	mairie – town hall
		Traversez le point – go over the bridge	gare – train station
			café - cafe
			marché – market
			église – church
			cinéma – cinema
			hôpital – hospital
			stade – stadium
			bibliothèque – library
			piscine – swimming pool

Phonics	
Letter string – How it sounds	
ai – ay	oi – wa
é – ay	qu – k
au – oh	th – t
ç – s	an – on
i – ee	è – eh
in – an	
eu – uh	
ix – eece	
tion – sion	
ui – we	

Remember the **S** or a **t** at the end of a word is silent in French.



**Top Tips for Consolidation**

**Masculine and Feminine Article**

In French, all nouns are either masculine or feminine (there is no neutral).

For masculine nouns, 'the' is 'le' and for feminine nouns 'the' is 'la.'

If there is more than one of something (plural), then the word for 'the' is 'les.'

For masculine nouns, 'a' is 'un', whereas for feminine nouns it is 'une.'

For plural nouns, it is 'des.'

If the noun begins with a vowel or 'h', then the 'e' or 'a' in 'le' and 'la' is dropped.

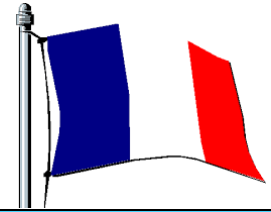


## Numbers 60-100

60	61	62	70	71	72	80	81	82	90	91	92	100
Soixante	soixante et un	soixante-deux	soixante-dix	soixante et onze	soixante-douze	quatre-vingts	quatre-vingt-un	quatre-vingt-deux	quatre-vingt-dix	quatre-vingt-onze	quatre-vingt-douze	cent



# French: Year 6 Knowledge Organiser



## Revisiting the Learning

The Alphabet and Days of the week	
A - ah	P - pay
B - bay	Q - coo
C - say	R - ugh
D - day	S - es
E - er	T - tay
F - eff	U - oo (eew)
G - shay	V - vay
H - ash	W - dooble vay
I - ee	X - eeks
J - jhee	Y - ee grehk
K - Kah	Z - zed
L - el	
M - em	
N - en	
O - oh	

(L'alphabet - the alphabet)

Mon anniversaire est en... my birthday is in...

Can you memorise and use the correct pronunciation for the days of the week in French?

Journees (Days)

lundi - Monday  
 mardi - Tuesday  
 mercredi - Wednesday  
 jeudi - Thursday  
 vendredi - Friday  
 samedi - Saturday  
 dimanche - Sunday

Greetings and Basic Questions/ Answers			
<b>Bonjour</b> - Hello <b>Salut</b> - Hi <b>Bonne Soiree</b> - Good evening <b>Excusez-Moi</b> - Excuse me		<b>Comment t'appelle tu?</b> What's your name? <b>Je m'appelle...</b> - my name is... <b>Ou habite tu?</b> - where do you live? <b>J'habite...</b> - I live... <b>Quel age as-tu?</b> - How old are you? <b>J'ai ___ ans</b> - I am ___ years old.	
<b>Ca va?</b> - How are you? <b>Ca va bein</b> - I'm doing well? <b>Pas mal</b> - Not bad <b>Et toi/Et vous?</b> - And you?		<b>Au revoir</b> - Goodbye <b>Salut</b> - Bye <b>Ciao</b> - Bye <b>Bonne soiree</b> - Have a nice evening <b>Bonne journee</b> - Have a nice day	
<b>Oui</b> - Yes <b>Non</b> - No		<b>S'il vous plait</b> - Please <b>Merci</b> - Thank you	

Adjectives	
Masculine	Feminine
Petit - Small	Petite - Small
Grand - Big/Tall	Grande - Big/Tall
Jeune - Young	Jeune - Young
Vieux - Old	Vielle - Old
Gentil - Nice	Gentille - Nice
Bon - Good	Bonne - Good
Facile - Easy.	Facile - Easy
Intelligent - Intelligent	Intelligente - Intelligent
Beau - Handsome	Belle - Beautiful
Fort - Strong	Forte - Strong

**Adjective Rules**

Most French adjectives are placed after the noun (the word that they describe)

The only adjectives that don't do this are the BANGS adjectives (adjectives about Beauty, Age, Number, Goodness and Size)

Spelling of French adjectives can change depending on the number and gender of the noun that they describe

**Couleurs (Colours)**

bleu (e) - blue  
 noir (e) - black  
 vert (e) - green  
 violet (te) - purple  
 gris - grey  
 blanc (he) - white  
 jaune - yellow  
 rouge - red  
 orange - orange  
 rose - pink  
 marron - brown

Seasons			
le printemps - spring		l'automne - autumn	
l'été - summer		l'hiver - winter	